

RECORDS ON THE FLORA OF WISCONSIN: **Leonurus Marrubiastrum** L. (Labiatae), a weedy adventive from Europe, is reported to range from Pennsylvania and Delaware to Florida and Illinois. This is to announce an extension of its range into southern Wisconsin: Dane County, waste places in Kegonsa State Park, section 18, R11E, T6N, Pleasant Springs Township, *Hansen* 164, 27 September 1970. One sheet is deposited in the herbarium, Wisconsin State University-Oshkosh; no duplicates were collected. Dr. Hugh Iltis has kindly confirmed the identification; there are no Wisconsin records for the plant at WIS, MIL, or UWM. R. C. Koeppen (1957. Preliminary Reports on the Flora of Wisconsin. No. 41. Labiatae — Mint Family. Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., Arts and Letters. 46: 115-140) does not report the plant for Wisconsin.

Aethusa Cynapium L. (Umbelliferae), another weedy adventive from Europe, is reported by Fernald (Gray's Manual, 8th Edition, 1950) to range from Nova Scotia to southern Ontario and Minnesota, south to Delaware, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. Gleason & Cronquist (Manual of Vascular Plants, 1963) assign it a more restricted range, from Nova Scotia and Maine to Pennsylvania and Ohio. Dr. Gerald Ownbey at MIN informs me that there are indeed two Minnesota records for the plant in their collections, the latest from 1902. However, the curators at WIS, MIL, and UWM have no Wisconsin records for the plant, which can now be tentatively added to the state's flora: Winnebago County, along fence in back yard at 212 Oxford Avenue, in the city of Oshkosh; growing as a weed in a fenceline separating two vegetable gardens. The residents on either side testify that it was certainly not planted there; *Misterek* 037, 23 September 1970. Dr. Iltis has confirmed my identification; the single specimen, deposited in the herbarium here, has abundant fruits and perhaps may become more than a mere casual element in our flora.

Linaria dalmatica (L.) Mill. (Scrophulariaceae) is reported by Fernald (loc. cit.) to range from Cape Breton

Island to Pennsylvania and Ohio. This is to report its rather extensive occurrence in Wisconsin: Bayfield County, abundant and well established on a sandy roadside on county trunk J, ca. 1.5 miles N of its junction with county trunk I, section 2, R4W, T50N, Bayfield Township; *Harriman* 7124, 17 July 1971. One sheet is deposited in the herbarium here, with duplicates at UW and MIL. Iltis at UW informs me (personal communication) that there are three records for the plant from Bayfield County deposited there, plus one each from Vilas, Sawyer, Sauk, Dane, and Green counties. It is certainly to be included now in the Wisconsin flora; it was not reported by P. J. Salamun (1951. Preliminary Reports on the Flora of Wisconsin. No. 36. Scrophulariaceae. Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., Arts and Letters. 40: 111-138).

NEIL A. HARRIMAN
BIOLOGY DEPARTMENT
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
OSHKOSH 54901